## **AMENDMENT TO CLAIMS**

The Listing of Claims replaces all prior versions of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims**

- 1. (Previously presented) A stabilized immunostimulatory microparticulate complex comprising a cationic peptide immunogen wherein the peptide immunogen comprises a target B cell antigen or a CTL epitope and a T helper cell epitope and anionic CpG oligonucleotide wherein the cationic peptide immunogen has a net positive charge at a pH in the range of 5.0 to 8.0 calculated by assigning a +1 charge for each lysine (K), arginine (R) or histidine (H), a –1 charge for each aspartic acid (D) or glutamic acid (E) and a charge of 0 for all other amino acids in the peptide immunogen and wherein the anionic CpG oligonucleotide has a net negative charge at a pH in the range of 5.0-8.0 and is a single-stranded DNA comprising 8 to 64 nucleotide bases with a repeat of a cytosine-guanidine motif and the number of repeats of the CpG motif is in the range of 1 to 10.
  - 2-3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Previously presented) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 1, wherein the cationic peptide immunogen is a mixture of synthetic peptide immunogens.
- 5. (Previously presented) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 1, wherein the net positive charge of the cationic synthetic peptide immunogen is at least +2.
- 6. (Previously presented) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 4, wherein the average net positive charge of the mixture of synthetic peptide immunogens is at least +2.
- 7. (Currently amended) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 5 or 6, wherein the net negative charge of the anionic oligonucleotide is at least -2.
  - 8. (Previously presented) The immunostimulatory

PATENT USSN 10/076,674 Docket No. 1151-4172

microparticulate complex of claim 1, wherein the CpG oligonucleotide is a single-stranded DNA molecules with 18-48 nucleotide bases and the number of repeats of CpG motif therein in the range of 3 to 8.

- 9. (Previously presented) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 1, wherein the CpG oligonucleotide has the formula:  $5' \times X^1 \times CGX^2$  3' wherein C and G are unmethylated; and  $X^1$  is selected from the group consisting of A (adenine), G (guanine) and T (thymine); and  $X^2$  is C (cytosine) or T (thymine).
- 10. (Previously presented) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 1, wherein the CpG oligonucleotide has the formula:  $5'(X^3)_2CG(X^4)_2$  3' wherein C and G are unmethylated; and  $X^3$  is selected from the group consisting of A or G; and  $X^4$  is C or T.
  - 11. (Cancelled)
- 12. (Previously presented) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 1, wherein CpG oligonucleotide is selected from a group consisting of 5' TCG TCG TTT TGT CGT TTT GTC GTT TTG TCG TT 3' (CpG1) SEQ ID NO: 1, a 32 base length oligomer, and 5'nTC GTC GTT TTG TCG TTT TGT CGT T 3' (CpG2) SEQ ID NO: 2, a 24 base length oligomer plus an phosphorothioate group designated as n.
- 13. (Previously presented) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 12, wherein CpG oligonucleotide is 5' TCG TCG TTT TGT CGT TTT GTC GTT TTG TCG TT 3' (CpG1) SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 12, wherein CpG oligonucleotide is 5'nTC GTC GTT TTG TCG TTT TGT CGT T 3' (CpG2) SEQ ID NO: 2, a 24 base length oligomer plus a phosphorothioate group designated as n.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The immunostimulatory complex of claim 12, wherein the cationic peptide immunogen is a synthetic peptide derived from HIV CD4.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The immunostimulatory complex of claim 15, wherein the synthetic peptide derived from HIV CD4 is selected from the group

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consisting of SEQ ID NO:4, 5, and 6 and a mixture thereof.

- 17. (Withdrawn) The immunostimulatory complex of claim 16, wherein the mixture is a mixture of SEQ ID NO:4, 5, and 6.
- 18. (Currently amended) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 12, wherein the cationic peptide immunogen is a synthetic peptide wherein LHRH is conjugated to a T helper cell epitope.
- 19. (Currently amended) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 18, wherein the [[the]] cationic immunogen is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 7, 8 and 9 and a mixture thereof.
- 20. (Withdrawn- Currently amended) The immunostimulatory microparticulate complex of claim 19, wherein the [[the]] cationic immunogen is a mixture of SEQ ID NO: 7, 8, and 9.
- 21. (Withdrawn) The immunostimulatory complex of claim 12, wherein the cationic peptide immunogen is a synthetic peptide derived from IgE.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The immunostimulatory complex of claim 21, wherein the synthetic peptide derived from IgE is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:10 and 11 and a mixture thereof.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The immunostimulatory complex of claim 22, wherein the mixture is a mixture of SEQ ID NO:10, and 11.
- 24. (Withdrawn) A process for preparing a stabilized immunostimulatory complex according to claim 1 comprising the steps of:
- (a) dissolving or dispersing the cationic peptide immunogen in an aqueous phase selected from the group consisting of distilled deionized water, saline, PBS and a mixture thereof with the proviso that the pH of the aqueous phase is lower than the ionization point of the peptide immunogen;
- (b) Dissolving the anionic CpG oligonucleotide in an aqueous phase selected from the group consisting of distilled deionized water, saline, PBS and a mixture thereof;
- (c) Adding the CpG oligonucleotide in the aqueous phase dropwise to the solution or dispersion of the cationic peptide immunogen in an amount to form a stabilized immunostimulatory complex of the peptide immunogen and the CpG

oligonucleotide in a charge ratio of the cationic immunogen peptide to the CpG oligonucleotide in the range of 8:1 to 2:1.

- 25. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 24, further comprising the step of removing the aqueous phase of the suspension of the immunostimulatory complex obtained.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25, wherein the aqueous phase is removed by lyophilization, or spray-drying.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 24, wherein the immunostimulatory complex has an average particle size in the range of 1 to 50 μM.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 24 wherein the amount of the immunogen peptide and the CpG oligonucleotide added is in a charge ratio in the range of 8:1 to 1:1 of the cationic immunogen peptide to the CpG nucleotide.
- 29. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 25 wherein the amount of the immunogen peptide and the CpG oligonucleotide added is in a charge ratio in the range of 8:1 to 1:1 of the cationic immunogen peptide to the CpG nucleotide.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 28 wherein the amount of the immunogen peptide and the CpG oligonucleotide added is in a charge ratio in the range of 4:1 of the cationic immunogen peptide to the CpG nucleotide.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 29 wherein the amount of the immunogen peptide and the CpG oligonucleotide added is in a charge ratio in the range of 4:1 of the cationic immunogen peptide to the CpG nucleotide.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 28 wherein the amount of the cationic immunogen peptide and the CpG oligonucleotide added is in a charge ratio in the range of 2:1 of the cationic immunogen peptide to the CpG nucleotide.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 29 wherein the amount of the cationic immunogen peptide and the CpG oligonucleotide added is in a charge ratio in the range of 2:1 of the cationic immunogen peptide to the CpG

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nucleotide.

- 34. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 24 wherein the amount of the synthetic peptide used to form the immunostimulatory complex provides an excess of the peptide immunogen of between 10% and 90% by weight.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25 wherein the amount of the synthetic peptide used to form the immunostimulatory complex provides an excess of the peptide immunogen of between 10% and 90% by weight.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 24 wherein the amount of the synthetic peptide used to form the immunostimulatory complex provides an excess of the anionic CpG oligonucleotide of between 10% and 90% by weight.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25 wherein the amount of the synthetic peptide used to form the immunostimulatory complex provides an excess of the anionic CpG oligonucleotide of between 10% and 90% by weight.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 24 wherein the amount of the synthetic peptide used to form the immunostimulatory complex wherein there is less than 10% by weight of an excess of the cationic peptide immunogen and less than 10% by weight of an excess of anionic CpG oligonucleotide.
- 39. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25 wherein the amount of the synthetic peptide used to form the immunostimulatory complex wherein there is less than 10% by weight of an excess of the cationic peptide immunogen and less than 10% by weight of an excess of anionic CpG oligonucleotide.
- 40. (Withdrawn) A process for preparing a water-in-oil emulsion comprising an immunostimulatory complex of claim 1, comprising the steps of:
- (a) Preparing an immunostimulatory complex in aqueous phase selected from the group consisting of distilled deionized water, saline and phosphate buffered saline:
- (b) Adding the immunostimulatory complex in the aqueous phase into a continuous oil phase selected from the group consisting of a synthetic oil, a vegetable oil, a mineral oil, a metablizable animal oil and a mixture thereof;
- (c) Dispersing under mechanical shear the immunostimulatory complex in the aqueous phase into the continuous oil phase to form a homogeneous

water-in-oil emulsion.

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- 41. (Withdrawn) A process for preparing a water-in-oil emulsion according to claim 40, wherein step (c) comprises:
- (a) Loading a first syringe with the aqueous phase containing an immunostimulatory complex;
- (b) Loading a second syringe with the oil phase having an inherent viscosity of less than 1,500 mPa;
- (c) Connecting the first and second syringes through a narrow bore tube to a membrane support housing a membrane of controlled pore size  $(0.05-20 \, \mu M)$ ;
- (d) Extruding the aqueous phase into the oil phase by repeated exchanges through the membrane until the homogeneous w/o-emulsion is formed.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 40, wherein the oil phase is selected from the group consisting of a metabolizable or non-metabolizable oil or a mixture thereof.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 41, wherein the oil phase is selected from the group consisting of a metabolizable or non-metabolizable oil or a mixture thereof.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 43, wherein the oil phase is selected from the group consisting of Montanide ISA 720, Montanide ISA 51 or a mixture thereof.
- 45. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 44, wherein the oil phase is selected from the group consisting of Montanide ISA 720, Montanide ISA 51 or a mixture thereof.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 40, wherein the aqueous phase may further comprise a surfactant, an emulsion stabilizer, or a combination thereof.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 41, wherein the aqueous phase may further comprise a surfactant, an emulsion stabilizer, or a combination thereof.
  - 48. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 46 wherein the aqueous

PATENT USSN 10/076,674 Docket No. 1151-4172

phase comprises an emulsion stabilizer selected from the group consisting of a mannide-oleate and a derivative thereof.

- 49. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 47 wherein the aqueous phase comprises an emulsion stabilizer selected from the group consisting of a mannide-oleate and a derivative thereof.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 40 wherein the oil phase comprises a further adjuvant selected from the group consisting of MPL, MDP, DDA, Avridine, BAY-1005, DC-Chol, Murapalmitine and mixtures or derivatives thereof.
- 51. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 41 wherein the oil phase comprises a further adjuvant selected from the group consisting of MPL, MDP, DDA, Avridine, BAY-1005, DC-Chol, Murapalmitine and mixtures or derivatives thereof.
- 52. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 40, wherein the aqueous phase further comprises an aqueous soluble adjuvant selected from the group consisting of PCPP, saponins such as QS-21, Cholera Toxin, heat labile Enterotoxin from *E. Coli* and cytokines such as IL-2, IL-12, IFN-γ and mixtures and derivatives thereof.
- 53. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 41, wherein the aqueous phase further comprises an aqueous soluble adjuvant selected from the group consisting of PCPP, saponins such as QS-21, Cholera Toxin, heat labile Enterotoxin from *E. Coli* and cytokines such as IL-2, IL-12, IFN-γ and mixtures and derivatives thereof.
- 54. (Withdrawn) A process for preparing an in-situ gelling polymer comprising an immunostimulatory complex comprising the steps of:
- (a) Preparing a suspension of the immunostimulatory complex in an aqueous solvent according to the process of claim 23;
- (b) Removing the water in the aqueous solvent from the suspension to obtain the immunostimulatory complex in dry form;
- (c) Preparing a solution of an in-situ gelling polymer selected from the group consisting of poly-D,L-lactide-coglycolide copolymer, poly-D,L-lactic acid-co-glycolic acid copolymer, polycaprolactone, polyanhydride, polyorthoester, and poly(*a*-hydroxybutyric acid) in a biocompatible solvent selected from the group

consisting of dimethyl sulfoxide (DSMO), N-methyl pyrrolidine (NMP), triacetin and glycerin;

- (d) Reconstituting the immunostimulatory complex in dry form in the solution of the in-situ gelling polymer in the biocompatible solvent.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 54 wherein in step (b) the water is removed by lyophilization.
- 56. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 54 wherein the biodegradable polymer is

$$R1$$
 $O$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $O$ 
 $O$ 
 $Y$ 
 $R2$ 

R1 = OAlkyl (PLG) or OH (PLGA)

wherein R1 is OH or alkoxy having 1 to 5 carbons and R2 is H; x:y is the ratio of each monomer unit of the copolymer with x+y=1.

57. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 55 wherein said biodegradable polymer is

R1 = OAlkyl (PLG) or OH (PLGA)

wherein R1 is OH or alkoxy having 1 to 5 carbons and R2 is H; x:y is the ratio of each monomer unit of the copolymer with x+y=1.

- 58. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 56 wherein the copolymer has a molecular weight in the range of 2,000-100,000 daltons and an inherent viscosity of 0.1-1.0 dl/g.
- 59. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 57 wherein the copolymer has a molecular weight in the range of 2,000-100,000 daltons and an inherent

viscosity of 0.1-1.0 dl/g.

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- 60. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 54 wherein the weight of the biodegradable in situ gelling polymer dissolved in the biocompatible solvent is in the range of 5 w/w% to 50 w/w%.
- 61. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 55 wherein the weight of the biodegradable in situ gelling polymer dissolved in the biocompatible solvent is in the range of 5 w/w% to 50 w/w%.
- 62. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 54, wherein step (c) further comprises dissolving a soluble adjuvant selected from the group consisting of PCPP, saponins such as QS-21, Cholera Toxin, heat labile Enterotoxin from *E. Coli* and cytokines such as IL-2, IL-12, IFN-γ and mixtures and derivatives thereof in the biocompatible solvent.
- 63. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 55, wherein step (c) further comprises dissolving a soluble adjuvant selected from the group consisting of PCPP, saponins such as QS-21, Cholera Toxin, heat labile Enterotoxin from *E. Coli* and cytokines such as IL-2, IL-12, IFN-γ and mixtures and derivatives thereof in the biocompatible solvent.
- 64. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a suspension of an immunostimulatory complex of any one of claim 1 to 23 in an aqueous solvent selected from the group consisting of distilled deionized water, saline and phosphate buffered saline.
- 65. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a water-in-oil emulsion of an immunostimulatory complex of any one of claim 1 to 23.
- 66. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a gel of an immunostimulatory complex of any one of claim 1 to 23 wherein the gel is formed in situ by adding the immunostimulatory complex in dried form to a solution of an insitu gelling biocompatible polymer selected from the group consisting of poly-D,L-lactide-coglycolide copolymer, poly-D,L-lactic acid-co-glycolic acid copolymer, polycaprolactone, polyanhydride, polyorthoester, and poly(α-hydroxybutyric acid) in a biocompatible solvent selected from the group consisting of dimethyl sulfoxide (DSMO), N-methyl pyrrolidine (NMP), triacetin and glycerin.

67. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 66 wherein the biodegradable polymer is

R1 = OAlkyl (PLG) or OH (PLGA) R2 = H

wherein R1 is OH or alkoxy having 1 to 5 carbons and R2 is H; x:y is the ratio of each monomer unit of the copolymer with x+y=1.

68. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 67 wherein biodegradable polymer is

$$R1$$
 $O$ 
 $X$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $O$ 
 $X$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $O$ 
 $X$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $O$ 

R1 = OAikyl (PLG) or OH (PLGA)

wherein R1 is OH or alkoxy having 1 to 5 carbons and R2 is H; x:y is the ratio of each monomer unit of the copolymer with x+y=1, and wherein the polymer has a molecular weight in the range of 2,000-100,000 daltons and an inherent viscosity of 0.1-1.0 dl/g.

- 69. (Withdrawn) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 68 wherein the biocompatible solvent is DMSO.
- 70. (Withdrawn) A method of producing an immune response in a host comprising administering the composition of claim 64.
- 71. (Withdrawn) A method of producing an immune response in a host comprising administering the composition of claim 65.
- 72. (Withdrawn) A method of producing an immune response in a host comprising administering the composition of claim 66.
  - 73. (Withdrawn) A method of producing an immune response in a

host comprising administering the composition of claim 67.

- 74. (Withdrawn) A method of producing an immune response in a host comprising administering the composition of claim 68.
- 75. (Withdrawn) A method of producing an immune response in a host comprising administering the composition of claim 69.